

# II Semester B.Sc. Examination, May/June 2018 (CBCS) (2014-15 and Onwards) (F + R) CHEMISTRY – II

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions:

- i) The question paper has two Parts. Answer both Parts.
- ii) Write equations, draw diagrams wherever necessary.

#### PART - A

I. Answer any eight of the following questions.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

- 1) Write the values of quantum numbers for 2s1 electron.
- 2) Calculate the energy associated with Bohr's  $2^{nd}$  orbit, given the energy of Bohr's  $1^{st}$  orbit =  $-2.17 \times 10^{-18}$  J.
- 3) What is the physical significance of  $\Psi$  and  $\Psi^2$ ?
- 4) Define lattice energy.
- 5) Write the electronic configuration of oxygen molecule using MOT.
- Give one example each of molecule having inter-molecular hydrogen bond and intramolecular hydrogen bonding.
- 7) What are orthosilicates? Give an example.
- 8) Mention any two applications of Neon.
- 9) Calculate magnetic moment of Fe2+ ion (atomic number of iron = 26).
- 10) Explain Ullmann reaction with an example.
- 11) Write the cis and trans isomers of stilbene.
- 12) Mention the ortho and one meta orienting group of benzene.

#### PART - B

II. Answer any nine of the following questions.

(9x6=54)

- 13) a) Explain the terms : (i) Hamiltonian operator (ii) Laplacean operator.
  - b) Write de Broglie's equation, explain the terms.

(4+2)

- 14) a) Derive an expression for the radius of nth orbit of hydrogen atom.
  - b) Calculate the wavelength of a moving ball of mass 0.2 kg travelling with a velocity 150 m/s,  $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34}$  Js. (4+2)

a) Derive Schrodinger's wave equation. b) Define the term orbital in an atom. (4+2)16) a) Set up Born-Haber cycle for the formation of NaCl crystal, write the expression for lattice energy. b) How lattice energy affects the solubility of an ionic crystal? (4+2) a) Discuss the structure of BrF<sub>a</sub> molecule based on VSEPR theory. b) Why is H<sub>2</sub>O liquid and H<sub>2</sub>S is a gas at room temperature? (4+2)18) a) Write the molecular orbital diagram of nitrogen molecule and calculate the bond order. b) What are polar molecules? Give examples. (4+2)19) a) What are transition elements? Why they (i) Exhibit variable oxidation states (ii) Form complex salts. b) What are zeolites? Mention one application. (4+2)20) a) Describe the separation of lanthanides by ion exchange method. b) Why Cu2+ ion is coloured, while Cu+ ion is colourless. (4+2)21) a) How is Helium isolated from natural gas? (4+2)b) Write the reaction of oxidation of toluene by chromyl chloride. 22) a) Write the mechanism of nitration of benzene. (4+2)b) State Huckel's rule of aromaticity. 23) a) Explain mechanism of S, 1 reaction with an example. (4+2)b) Explain Birch reduction reaction. 24) a) Elucidate the structure of benzene using molecular orbital theory. (4+2)b) State Saytzeff rule, give an example. 25) a) Explain mechanism of E, (Elimination) reaction with a suitable example. (4+2)b) Why vinyl chloride is less reactive than ethyl chloride?



### Il Semester B.Sc. Examination, May 2017 (CBCS) (2014-15 and Onwards) (F + R) CHEMISTRY - II

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

- Instructions: 1) The question paper has two Parts.
  - Answer both Parts.
  - Write equations wherever necessary.

#### PART - A

Answer any eight of the following questions.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

- Define lattice energy.
- 2. What are polar molecules? Give an example.
- Explain intra molecular hydrogen bonding with an example.
- Explain wave particle duality.
- 5. State Heisenberg's uncertainity principle. Write its mathematical form.
- 6. Write the possible values of I and m, when n = 3.
- 7. Calculate the magnetic moment of Cr3+ ion. (At no. of Chromium is 24).
- 8. Explain Huckel's rule of aromaticity with an example.
- 9. Write the cis and trans isomers of stilbene.
- 10. How is the conversion of toluene into benzaldehyde effected? Give the equation.
- State Saytzeff rule. Give an example.
- Name the inert gas used in
  - Nuclear reactors.
  - Radio therapy.

## PART-B

Answer any nine of the following questions.			
13.		Explain the significance of quantum numbers.  Define the terms Eigen values and Eigen functions.	(4+2)
14.	a) b)	Derive an expression for the radius of n <sup>th</sup> orbit of hydrogen atom. Calculate the wave length of a moving ball of mass 0.2 kg travelling with velocity of 150 m/s, $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34} \text{ JS}^{-1}$ .	a (4+2)
15.	a) b)	Explain the terms (i) Hamiltonian operator (ii) Laplacean operator.  Write Schrodinger wave equation and indicate the terms involved.	(4+2)
16.		Set up Born-Haber's cycle for the formation of Sodium Chloride crystal a compute the calculation for lattice energy of the crystal.  Account for the electrical property of semi conductors based on band theory.	nd (4+2)
17.		Discuss the structure of ammonia molecule based on VSEPR theory. Give the consequence of hydrogen bonding in (i) DNA (ii) Protein.	(4+2)
18.		Explain sp³ hybrization taking SiCl₄ as an example.  Define dipole moment. Write its SI unit.	(4+2)
19.		What are silicates? How are they classified based on structure? What are interstitial compounds?	(4+2)
20.		Give any four differences between d and f block elements.  Mention any two consequences of lanthanide contraction.	(4+2)
21.		Describe the separation of lanthanides by ion exchange method.  What are transuranic elements? Give two examples.	(4+2)
22.		How is XeF <sub>6</sub> prepared ? Explain its structure. Explain Birch reduction reaction.	(4+2)
23.	,	Explain the mechanism of nitration of benzene.  How is the conversion of naphthalene into phthalic acid effected? Give equation.	(4+2)
24.	a)	Explain the orienting influence of $-\operatorname{CH}_3$ group in toluene towards electrop substitution.	hilic
	b)	How is biphenyl prepared from Ullmann reaction?	(4+2)
25.	a) b)	Explain the mechanism of SN <sup>2</sup> reaction with a suitable example.  Between vinylchloride and allylchloride which is more reactive and why	/? <b>(4+2)</b>



# II Semester B.Sc. Examination, May 2016 (CBCS) (2014-15 and Onwards) (F + R) CHEMISTRY (Paper – II)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: 1) The question paper has two Parts. Answer both the Parts.

2) Write diagrams, equations wherever necessary.

#### PART-A

### Answer any eight of the following questions:

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

- 1. Write the shapes of the orbitals when I = 0 and I = 1.
- 2. Write Radial probability distribution curve for 1s electron.
- 3. Write Schrodinger's wave equation and explain the terms involved.
- 4. Write Born-Lande equation of lattice energy. Name the terms involved.
- 5. Which of the following is polar molecule H2O, CO2? Give reason.
- 6. Give an example for each of the following:
  - i) Intermolecular H bond
  - ii) Intramolecular H bond. /
- 7. What are orthosilicates? Give an example.
- Give the reaction of XeF<sub>4</sub> with water.
  - 9. Cupric chloride is blue, while cuprous chloride is colourless. Give reason.
- 10. How is toluene converted into Benzaldehyde? Give equation.
- 11. How is anthracene converted into anthraquinone?
- 12. Mention the factors which effects SN<sup>1</sup> reaction.



# PART-B

Answer any nine of the following questions:	(9×6=54)
13. a) Explain the terms (i) Hamiltonian operator (ii) Laplacean op	erator.
b) Calculate the energy associated with the Fourth Bohr orbit is Given the energy of Bohr first orbit is $-2.17 \times 10^{-18}$ J.	n hydrogen atom. (4+2)
14. a) Write any four postulates of quantum mechanics.	
b) State Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Write its mathema	tical form. (4+2)
15 a) Derive an expression for the energy of the first Bohr orbit in	Hydrogen atom.
b) Calculate the wavelength of the wave associated with an elevelocity 4.0×10 <sup>6</sup> ms <sup>-1</sup> , Electronic mass = 9.1×10 <sup>-31</sup> Kg, h	
<ol> <li>a) Setup Born-Haber cycle for the formation of magnesium ox the expression for lattice energy.</li> </ol>	kide crystal. Write
b) Write any two differences between sigma bond and pi bond	. (4+2)
17. a) Explain sp hybridization with an example.	
b) HF has higher boiling point than HCL why?	(4+2)
18. a) On the basis of VSEPR theory explain the shape of BrF3 m	olecule.
b) State Fajan's rule.	(4+2)
<ol> <li>a) Explain the characteristics of transition elements with respondent oxidation states (ii) Magnetic properties.</li> </ol>	ect to (i) variable
b) Why are the elements with AtNo 58 to 71 placed separately table?	in the periodic (4+2)
20. a) How is Helium isolated from natural gas?	
b) Write structure of basic unit present in pyrosilicates.	(4+2)

(2+2+2)



configuration of chromium.

c) Explain Hoffman elimination reaction with an example.

21. a) Write molecular orbital diagram of Be<sub>2</sub> molecule and calculate the bond order.
b) Write the electronic configuration of He<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> ion. (4+2)
22. a) Discuss the mechanism of nitration of Benzene.
b) Give an example Diel-Alder reaction. (4+2)
23. a) Explain mechanism of SN<sup>1</sup> reaction with an example.
b) How is Biphenyl prepared? Name the reaction. (4+2)
24. a) Explain orienting influence –OH group in phenol.
b) Compare the reactivities of alkyl halide and vinyl halide. (4+2)
25. a) What are intrinsic semiconductors? Give an example.
b) Why chromium in the +6 oxidation state is diamagnetic? Write electronic



# II Semester B.Sc. Examination, April/May 2015 (CBCS) (2014-15 and Onwards) CHEMISTRY (Paper – II)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: i) The question paper has two Parts. Answer both the Parts.

ii) Write diagrams, equations wherever necessary.

#### PART-A

I. Answer any eight of the following questions:

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

- 1) Define the term orbital in an atom.
- 2) Write the radial probability distribution curve for IS orbital.
- 3) Calculate the energy associated with Bohr's  $3^{rd}$  orbit given the energy of Bohr's  $1^{st}$  orbit =  $-2.17 \times 10^{-18}$  J.
- 4) Write one consequence of hydrogen bonding.
- 5) Mention the type of hybridisation in
  - i) PCI5 Becl 2 ii) SF6.
- Define bonding molecular orbital.
- 7) What are zeolites? Mention one application.
- 8) Give one method of preparation of xenontrioxide.
- 9) Calculate the magnetic moment of Fe<sup>+3</sup> ion.[atomic number of iron = 26]
- 10) Write Ullmann's reaction.
- 11) Give an example of Diel's alder reaction.
- 12) Mention two ortho-para orienting groups of benzene.

#### PART-B

II. Answer any nine of the following questions:

 $(9 \times 6 = 54)$ 

- 13) a) Explain the terms:
  - i) Hamiltonian operator
- ii) Laplacean operator.
- b) Calculate the wavelength of a moving ball of mass 200 g travelling with a velocity 150 m/s.  $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34}$  JS. (4+2)

14)	a)	Explain the significance of	
		i) Principal Quantum Number ii) Spin Quantum Number.	
	b)	Write de Broglie's equation. Explain the terms.	(4+2)
15)	a)	Derive Schrodinger's wave equation.	
	b)	Write the mathematical expression for Heisenberg uncertainty principle	Э.
			(4+2)
16)		Derive an expression for the Bohr's nth orbit.	
	b)	What is quantisation of angular momentum of electron?	(4+2)
17)		Calculate the lattice energy to NaCl using Born-Lande equation : $A = 1.748$ , $r_0 = 0.281$ mm, $\eta = 8$ .	
	b)	What is the effect of lattice energy on the solubility of ionic compounds	3 ? ( <b>3+3</b> )
18)	a)	Explain the Band theory of metallic bond.	
	b)	Write the molecular orbital configuration of O <sub>2</sub> molecule.	(4+2)
19)		Applying VSEPR theory explain the shape of water molecule.	
	b)	Explain SP <sup>2</sup> hybridisation with an example.	(3+3)
20)	a)	Explain the variable oxidation states of 3d series of transition elements	S.
		Give one example each for	
		i) Orthosilicate ii) Pyrosilicate.	(4+2)
21)	a)	Explain the isolation of helium from natural gas.	
	b)	Compare the magnetic properties of d-block elements and lanthanides.	
			(3+3)
22)	a)	Explain the separation of lanthanides by ion-exchange method.	
	b)	Mention the transition elements used as catalysts.	(4+2)
23)	a)	Explain SN <sup>2</sup> mechanism with an example.	
	b)	Write the reaction for the oxidation of toluene with chromylchloride.	(4+2)
24)	a)	Explain the orienting influence of nitro group in nitrobenzene towards electrophilic substitution.	
	b)	Write the resonance structures of anthracene.	(4+2)
251		What are non benzenoids? Give examples.	
	-	Write the mechanism of nitration of benzene.	(2+4)



GS-305

II Semester B.Sc. Examination, May/June - 2019

## CHEMISTRY

## Chemistry - II (CBCS) (F+R) (2014-15 & Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: (i) The question paper has been two parts. Answer both the parts.

(ii) Write equations, draw diagrams wherever necessary.

#### PART - A

- I. Answer any eight of the following questions. 8x2=16
  - 1. State Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Write its mathematical form.
  - 2. Calculate the wavelength of a moving ball of mass 0.6 kg travelling with a velocity 60 m/s,  $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} JS$ .
  - 3. Write two limitations of classical mechanics.
  - **4.** Mention the type of hybridisation in (i)  $PCl_5$  (ii)  $SF_6$
  - 5. Among H<sub>2</sub>O and CO<sub>2</sub>, which is polar? Give reason.
  - 6. Define bonding molecular orbital.
  - 7. Write the structure of Basic unit present in pyrosilicates.
  - 8. Mention any two consequences of Lanthanide contraction.
  - 9. Cupric chloride is blue, while cuprous chloride is colourless. Give reason.
  - 10. Give an example of Diel's-Alder reaction.
  - 11. State Huckel's rule of Aromaticity.
  - 12. Among alkyl halide and vinyl halide which is more reactive and why?

#### PART - B

II. Answer any nine of the following questions.

9x6=54

- 13. (a) Derive an expression for the energy of the 1st Bohr orbit in hydrogen 4+2 atom.
  - (b) Write Schrodinger wave equation. Explain the terms.

14.	(a) (b)	Write any four postulates of quantum mechanics. What is the difference between orbit and orbital?	4+2
15.	(a) (b)	Explain the significance of quantum numbers. Write the shapes of the orbitals when $l=0$ and $l=1$ .	4+2
16.	(a) (b)	Based on VSEPR theory, explain the shape of Ammonia molecule. What is bond order? Give its significance.	4+2
17.	(a) (b)	Explain sp <sup>2</sup> hybridisation with an example. Write Born-Lande equation of lattice energy. Explain the terms involved.	4+2
18.	(a) (b)	Write the molecular orbital diagram of $\mathrm{Be}_2$ molecule and calculate the bond order. Explain intramolecular H-bonding with an example.	4+2
19.	(a) (b)	Write the structure of the basic unit present in cyclic silicate? Write the name and formula of a mineral having this structure. HF has higher boiling point than HCl why?	4+2
20.	(a) (b)	How is Helium isolated from Natural gas? Give one method of preparation of Xenontrioxide.	4+2
21	(a)	Give any four differences between $d$ and $f$ -block elements. Calculate the magnetic moment of Fe <sup>3+</sup> ion. [At. no. of Iron = 26]	4+2
22	(a)	Describe the separation of Lanthanides by Ion-exchange method. Why chromium in +6 oxidation state is diamagnetic?	4+2
23	(a)	Explain the orienting influence of $-CH_3$ group in tolerance towards electrophilic substitution. Explain Ullmann reaction with an example.	4+2
24	(a)	Write the mechanism of Nitration of Benzene.  How Anthracene converted to Anthraquinone.	4+2
25	(a)	Explain the mechanism of SN <sup>1</sup> reaction with an example. State Saytzeff rule with an example.	4+2

#### 61222

### Second Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, May/June 2019

(CBCS Scheme - 2018-19 and onwards)

#### **CHEMISTRY - II**

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 70

#### Instructions to Candidates:

- 1) The question paper has two parts. Answer both Parts.
- 2) Write chemical equations and draw diagram wherever necessary.

#### PART - A

Answer any **EIGHT** of the following questions. Each question carries 2 marks:  $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

- 1. Write de-Broglie's equation, explain the terms.
- 2. Mention the shapes of orbitals when l = 1 and l = 2.
- 3. Write Schrodinger's wave equation and indicate the terms involved.
- 4. Explain intramolecular hydrogen bonding with an example.
- 5. Define the terms:
  - (a) Bond angle
  - (b) Bond length.
- 6. Calculate the magnetic moment of  $Mn^{2+}$  ion. (Given at no. of Mn = 25).
- 7. Mention the type of hybridization of the central atom in (a) BeCl<sub>2</sub> (b) SF<sub>6</sub>.
- 8.  $Cu^{2+}$  ion is coloured, but  $Zn^{2+}$  ion is colourless. Give reason.
- 9. Give a method of preparation of XeF<sub>4</sub>.
- 10. What is the action of hot alkaline KMnO<sub>4</sub> on toluene? Give equation.
- 11. Among chlorobenzene and benzylchloride which is more reactive and why?
- 12. Explain Huckel's rule of aromaticity with an example.

#### PART - B

Answer any **NINE** of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks:  $(9 \times 6 = 54)$ 

- 13. (a) What are quantum numbers? Explain their significance.
  - (b) Define the term orbital.

(4 + 2)

- 14. (a) Derive an expression for the energy of nth orbit in hydrogen atom.
  - (b) Explain the significance of wave function.

(4 + 2)

- 15. (a) Explain the hybridization involved in the formation of BF<sub>3</sub>.
  - (b) What are polar molecules? Give an example.

(4 + 2)

- 16. (a) Set up Born-Haber cycle for the formation of MgO crystal. Write the expression of lattice energy.
  - (b) Define dipole moment. Give its SI unit.

(4 + 2)

- 17. (a) Write the molecular orbital diagram of Nitrogen molecule and calculate bond order.
  - (b) Give two applications of Neon.

(4 + 2)

- 18. (a) How is Helium isolated from natural gas?
  - (b) What are pyrosilicates? Give an example.

(4 + 2)

- 19. (a) Explain (i) Variable oxidation state (ii) Catalytic property of 'd' block metals.
  - (b) What are transuranic elements? Give an example.

(4 + 2)

- 20. (a) Describe the separation of Lanthanides by ion exchange method.
  - (b) What are Interstitial compounds?

(4 + 2)

- 21. (a) Discuss the structure of Benzene using molecular orbital theory.
  - (b) How do you convert Naphthalene to Phthalic acid? Give equation. (4 + 2)

- (a) Explain the mechanism of Nitration of benzene.
  - (b) State Saytzeff rule. Give an example.

(4 + 2)

- (a) Discuss SN<sup>1</sup> mechanism with an example.
  - (b) How do you obtain chlorobenzene from benzene?

(4 + 2)

- 24. (a) Explain the method of preparation of styrene.
  - (b) Write Born-lande equation for the calculation of lattice energy and indicate the terms.
  - (c) What is ferromagnetism?

(2 + 2 + 2)

- (a) Give the mathematical form of uncertainty principle and indicate the terms involved.
  - (b) 4S orbital is filled before 3d orbital in atoms of atomic number greater than 18. Give reason.
  - (c) Calculate the radius of the second orbit of hydrogen atom. Given radius of 1st orbit is 0.05292 nm. (2 + 2 + 2)